- 1. Unless approved by the State legislature, the ordinance issued by the governor shall cease to operate
- (a) One year
- (b) Six months
- (c) Six weeks
- (d) Two months
- 2. In which of the following case, the Supreme Court of India held that "the rule of res judicata applies to a petition filed under Article 32 of the Constitution and if a petition filed by a petitioner in the High Court under Article 226 of the Constitution is dismissed on merits such decision would operate as res judicata so as to bar a similar petition in the Supreme Court under Article 32 of the Constitution."
- (a) State of UP v. Nawab Hussain
- (b) Gulam Abbas v. State of UP
- (c) Daryao v. State of UP
- (d) Iftikar Ahmed v. Syed Meharban Ali
- 3. The chief exponent of auto limitation theory regarding basis of international law is
- (a) Starke
- (b) Jellinek
- (c) Hart
- (d) Oppenheim
- 4. Individual is the ultimate unit of all laws, International or municipal'-given by:-
- (a) Austin
- (b) Lauterpacht
- (c) Starke
- (d) Fenwick

- 5. Which of the following is associated with 'Droit Administratif'
- (a) Edward Coke
- (b) Montesquieu
- (c) Aristotle
- (d) Napolean Bonaparte
- 6. In which of the following case, the Supreme Court of India held that the Indian Constitution has not indeed recognised the Doctrine of Separation of Power in its absolute rigidity but the functions of the different parts of the government have been sufficiently differentiated
- (a) Indira Nehru Gandhiv. Raj narian
- (b) Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India
- (c) AK Kraipak v. Union of India
- (d) Ram Jawaya Kapur v. State of Punjab
- 7. President can return the advice of the Cabinet for reconsideration
- (a) Twice only
- (b) Any number of times
- (c)Once only
- (d) Not even once
- 8. Right guaranteed under Article 25 is subject to;
- (a) Fundamental rights, dignity and privacy
- (b) Public order, morality and health and the other provisions of Part III
- (c) Public order, decency and health and the other provisions of Part IV
- (d) Public order, morality

- 9. Unless approved by the State legislature, the ordinance issued by the governor shall cease to operate
- (a) One year
- (b) Six months
- (c) Six weeks
- (d) Two months
- 10. Savigny's Theory is based on
- (a) Greek law
- (b) Common law
- (c) Roman law
- (d) Spanish law
- 11. Res Nullius rule implies
- (a) A right of easement acquired after a passage of time prescribed by law
- (b) Owner of a property has right to take benefit from the property
- (c)Where there is an extinction of previous ownership by an independent adverse act of an acquirer
- (d) For previously ownerless object as an owner.
- 12. Which of the section in the Code of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973 deals with 'set off'?
- (a) Section 427
- (b) Section 190
- (c) Section 428
- (d) Section 328

13. Which of the following is Void Agreement?
a) Wagering Agreement b) Agreement with a Minor c) Both (a) and (b) d) None of These
14. Under the Indian Contract Act, an agent has a right to:
a) Indemnityb) Lienc) Remuneration and Compensationd) All of the Above
15. Which section of the Indian Contract Act, 1872 defines Guarantee?
a) s.122 b) s. 124 c) s.125 d) S. 126
16. Consent is not free if it is given under:
a) Fraud b) Coercion c) Undue Influence d) All of the Above
17. An Auction is:
a) An Offer b) A Promise

c) An Invitation to Offer

d) None of the Above

- 18. Which of the following makes a party competent to Contract?
- a) Major
- b) Insane
- c) Insolvent
- d) Disqualified by any Law
- 19. A person obtains Guarantee by Fraud, Such a Guarantee is:
- a) Valid
- b) Invalid
- c) Voidable
- d) None of the Above
- 20. Which of the following is not considered as a an impossibility of performance?
- a) LOSS of subject Matter
- b) Death of the Parties
- c) Performance becoming Impossible
- d) Commercial Impossibility
- 21. A Contract of Life Insurance is:
- a) A Pure Indemnity Contract
- b) Resembles an Indemnity Contract
- c) an Indemnity Contract
- d) None of the above
- 22. Which of the following Countries have the lengthiest constitution in the world?
- a) India
- b) United States
- c) United Kingdom
- d) France

- 23. Article 32 of the Constitution is about:
- a) Right to Equality
- b) Right to Religion
- c) Right to Constitutional Remedies
- d) Right to Freedom
- 24. An Ordinary Bill can Originate:
- a) Only in Rajya Sabha
- b) Only in Lok Sabha
- c) In Either House of Parliament
- d) Joint Sitting of Both the Houses of Parliament
- 25. What is not correct about the Directive Principles of State Policy?
- a) They are borrowed from the Irish constitution
- b) They are meant for promoting social and economic democracy
- c) They can be enforced in court of law
- d) All of the Above
- 26. Who is the head of the government in India?
- a) President of India
- b) Prime Minister
- c) Peoples of India
- d) Chief Justice of India
- 27. The words 'Secular and Socialist' were added in the Preamble by the:
- a) 40th Amendment
- b) 42nd Amendment
- c) 44th Amendment
- d) 46th Amendment

MODEL LEST PAPER LLM
28. How many members are nominated by the President to the Rajya Sabha?
a) 2 Members b) 5 Members c) 10 Members d) 12 Members
29. Respect for the National Flag of India is a:
a) Fundamental Right b) Fundamental Duty c) Directive Principle of State Policy d) None of the Above
30. Which Articles in the Constitution grants us the Right to Freedom of Religion?
a) Article 14-18 b) Article 23-24 c) Article 25-28 d) 368
31. Promotion of Internal Peace and Security is Contained in which

article of the Constitution?

32. United Nations was established in the year:

a) Art. 49 b) Art. 50 c) Art. 51 d) Art. 52

a) 1945 b) 1939 c) 1919 d) 1914

33. Debentures payable to a holder of certificate is called as:
a) Bearer b) Registered c) Secured d) Both ((a) & ((b)
34. Transfer of shares in the case of public company is
a) Prohibitedb) Restrictedc) Freely transferabled) None of these
 35. Maximum no. of persons in case of partnership banking business is a) Twenty a) Fifty b) Ten c) None of the Above 36. The opposite of the Rule of Indoor Management is the:
a) Rule of Constructive Notice b) Rule of Intra Vires c) Rule of Ultra Vires d) None of the Above
37. An Ordinary Resolution can be passed by a:
a) Two Third Majority b) Three Fourth Majority c) Simple Majority d) None of the Above

38. Shareholders are considered as of the company:
a) Owners b) Shareholders c) Creditors d) Members
39. The Minimum number of Members in a Private Company are:
a) Two b) Three c) Five d) Seven
40. In addition to their name, companies are now allotted:
a) PAN b) PIN c) DIN d) CIN
41. Who conceives the idea of a Company?
a) Director b) Promoter c) Shareholder d) Auditor
42. Section 354 C of tPC deals with the Offence of:
 a) Stalking b) Sexual Harassment at Workplace c) Voyeurism d) Assault or Criminal Force to Women with the intent to disrobe

43. Which Section of Indian Penal Code defines 'Rape'?		
a) 375 b) 377 c) 493 d) 494		
44. Common Intention Means	•	
a) Same Intentionb) Sharing of Intention by all Pc) Similar Intentiond) None of the Above	Persons	
45. Which Section of Indian Pe or his relative'?	enal Code deals with *Cruelty by Husband	
a) Section 354 b) Section 498 A c) Section 498 d) Section 304 B		
46. Wrongful Gain means:		
legally entitled b) Gain by lawful means of pr legally entitled	property which the person gaining it, is operty which the person gaining it is not operty which the person gaining it is	
47. 'Dishonestly' has been defi	ned under which section of IPC?	
	c) Section 24 d) Section 26	

48. General Exce	eptions are	contained in	which cho	apter of the IPC?
------------------	-------------	--------------	-----------	-------------------

- a) Chapter- III
- b) Chapter- IV
- c) Chapter- V
- d) None of the Above
- 49. Abettor is a person
- a) who commits the offence
- b) who instigates the commission of offence
- c) against whom the offence is committed
- d) who is innocent
- 50. The maxim 'de minimis non curat 'ex' means:
- a) Law would not take action on trifling matters
- b) Law does not ignore any act which causes the slightest harm
- c) Law would not take action in serious matters
- d) None of the above
- 50. Section 463 of the Indian Penal Code deals with:
- a) Forgery
- b) Dowry Death
- c) Mischief
- d) None of These
- 51. S.125 of CRPC is available to:
- a) Dependent Parents
- b) Abandoned Children
- c) Neglected Wives
- d) All of These

- 52. The Consumer Protection Act was enacted in the year:
- a) 1936
- b) 1956
- c) 1986
- d) 2002
- 53. A complainant under the Consumer Protection Act is:
- a) Consumer himself
- b) Legal heirs of the Consumer
- c) One or more consumers having a common interest
- d) All of the Above
- 54. Liability for tort of another is:
- a) Absolute Liability
- b) Strict Liability
- c) Vicarious Liability
- d) None of These
- 55. The Pecuniary Jurisdiction of the State Commission is:
- a) Value more than one crore
- b) Value more than 20 lakhs but Fess than one crore
- c) Value less than 20 lakhs
- d) None of the above
- 56. Which of the following cases dealt with the Tort of Negligence?
- a) Donoghue v. Stevenson
- b) Re Polemis
- c) Doughty v. Tumer Manufacturing Co. Ltd
- d) Asbhy v white

- 57. Ashby v White is a leading case explaining:
- a) Injuria Sine Damnum
- b) Damnum Sine Injuria
- c) Res Ipsa Loquitur
- d) Ex Turpi Moritur Causa
- 58. The main element of 'Tort' is:
- a) Intention
- b) Infringement
- c) Unlawful Enrichment
- d) Legal Wrong
- 59. Which is not a modern source of Hindu Law?
- a) Legislations
- b) Precedents
- c) Shruti and Smriti
- d) None of These
- 60. A Muslim man cannot marry:
- a) a Jew woman
- b) a Christian woman
- c) c) an idolatress or a fire-worshipper.
- d) d) Both (a) and (b)
- 61. The purpose of observing iddat period is to:
- a) Give time after divorce for the wife to settle
- b) Ascertain the Paternity of the Child
- c) Give sufficient time for inheritance
- d) None of these

62. On non- consummation of a muta marriage, the wife is entitled to:
a) Half dowerb) full dowerc) double dowerd) no dower.
63. Marriage is a sacrament amongst
a) Hindus b) Muslims c) Christians d) both (a) and (c).
64. Marriage of two Hindus can be solemnized under:
a) Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 b) Special Marriage Act, 1954 c) Either (a) or (b) d) Neither (a) or (b)
65. Section 7 of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 provides for
a) conditions of marriageb) capacity to marryc) ceremonies of marriaged) All of the above.
66. Section 16 of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 confers legitimacy on children of: a) a void marriage b) a voidabte marriage c) a valid marriage d) both void & voidab!e marriages.

67.	As per t	he Factories	Act "Child	" means (a person who	has not
cor	npleted	year of age.				

- a) 14
- b) 15
- c) 16
- d) 18
- 68. Ensuring the safety, health and welfare of the employees is the primary purpose of the:
- a) Factories Act, 1948
- b) Payment of Wages Act, 1936
- c) Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
- d) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
- 69. The term Sabbatical is connected with:
- a) Paid leave for study
- b) Paternity leave
- c) Maternity leave
- d) Quarantine leave
- 70. The employee welfare facilities available inside the organization are called:
- a) Intra-mural facilities
- b) Extra-mural facilities
- c) Extravagance
- d) None of the above
- 71. Which day is celebrated every year as World Environment Day?
- a) 01st December
- b) 10th December
- c) 05th June
- d) 24th October

72. Which city municipality was taken to court on environmental issue?

- a) Ratlam
- b) Ujjain
- c) Indore
- d) Jaipur

73. Hunting under the Wild Life Protection Act, 1972 includes:

- a) capturing, kilting, poisoning, snaring, or trapping any wild animal, and every attempt to do so
- b) driving any wild animal for any of the purposes specified in sub clause
- c) injuring, destroying or taking any body part of any such animal, or in the case of wild birds or reptiles, disturbing or damaging the eggs or nests of such birds or reptiles
- d) All of the Above

74. Which gas leaked from the plant of Shriram Food Fertlisers in Delhi?

- a) Oteum Gas
- b) Ammonia Gas
- c) Sulphur Dioxide
- d) Methyl Isocynate

75. Res 'psa Loquitur means:

- a) Things speak for itself
- b) Things do not speak for itself
- c) Things speak for others
- d) Things do not speak for others

- 76. A tort is a violation of a:
- a) Right in Rem
- b) Right in Personam
- c) Imperfect Right
- d) None of These
- 77. Which section of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 deals with transfer in favogr of an unborn person?
- a) Section 13
- b) Section 14
- c) Section 15
- d) Section 16
- 78. Section 14 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 deals with:
- a) Doctrine of Cyprus
- b) Doctrine of Accumulation
- c) Rule against Perpetuity
- d) Doctrine of Election
- 79. A transfers Rs. 500 to B on condition that he shall execute a certain lease within three months after A's death, and, if he should neglect to ab so, to C B dies in A's life-time. The disposition in favour of C take effect. This is an example of:
- a) Conditional Transfer
- b) Contingent Transfer
- c) Lis Pendens
- d) Doctrine of Election

80. Lis Pendens is contained in which section of the Transfer of Property Act?

- a) Section 52
- b) Section 14
- c) Section 32
- d) Section 10

81. A person is not put to his election, unless he has a proprietary interest in the property disposed off in derogation of his rights. This is the subject matter under provisions of:

- a) section 35 of the Transfer of Property Act, 1882
- b) section 35 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908
- c) section 35 of the Indian Succession Act, 1925
- d) General Clauses Act, 1897.

82. 'A' transfers his house to 'B' on the condition that she shall divorce her husband 'C'. The transfer is:

- a) Void
- b) Valid
- c) Voidable
- d) Irregular

83. Which of the following is/are true as regards Aids of Interpretation of Statutes?

- a) Preamble is an Internal Aid
- b) External aid would be used only when internal aids fail to resolve the ambiguity
- c) Both (a) and (b) are correct
- d) Only (b) is correct

- 84. A right which is available against only a particular person is called:
- a) Right in Rem
- b) Right in Personam
- c) Particular Right
- d) None of These
- 85. A custom to be recognised by a court of law must be:
- a) Reasonable
- b) Followed for a long period
- c) In conformity with the Statute
- d) All of These
- 86. Who linked the task of a lawyer to engineering?
- a) Karl Marx
- b) Charles Darwin
- c) Emmanuel Kant
- d) Roscoue Pound
- 87. Legal Realism is associated with:
- a) Law as practice of people
- b) Law as practice of courts
- c) Law as practice of legislature
- d) Law in Reality
- 88. The correlative of Immunity is:
- a) Liability
- b) Disability
- c) No-Right
- d) Duty

- 89. The right of ownership consists of:
- a) Using the thing
- b) Excluding from using it
- c) Disposing of the thing
- d) All of These
- 90. The term 'Legal theory has been for the first time coined by:
- a) Kelson
- b) Salmond
- c) Friedman
- d) Ronald Dworkin
- 91. The word 'Jurisprudence' is derived from:
- a) Jus Prudentia
- b) Juris Prudentio
- c) Jucas Prudent
- d) None of These
- 92. Passing Off is committed:
- a) If he does not adhere to the standards
- b) If he uses the trademark of his competitor
- c) If he eliminates competition
- d) None of these
- 93. It was Wednesday on Jan 1, 2008. What would be the day of the week Jan 1, 2010?
- a) Sunday
- b) Thursday
- c) Friday
- d) Saturday

94. What is the Synonym of 'Differ'?
a) Defy b) Deny c) Vary d) None of These
95.Change the Voice: They boys were playing Tennis
a) Tennis had been played by the boysb) Tennis has been played by the boysc) Tennis was played by the boysd) Tennis was being played by the boys
96. To drive home means:
a) To go driving b) To emphasize c) To find one's roots d) None of these
97. Story of old-time Gods or heroes is called:
a) Lyricb) Epicc) Legendd) None of these
98.A man who has committed such a heinous crime should get punishment:
a) severeb) severalc) sincered) None of these

99. 12 is related to 36 in the same way as 17 is related to -

- a) 34
- b) 51
- c) 63
- d) 68

100. The 'Char Minar' is in:

- a) Ahmedabad
- b) Hyderabad
- c) Delhi
- d) Jaipur

All India Common Law Entrance Test